

KILLING THE CHINESE

Two Thousand More Slain by the Japanese.

FORT AND TOWN CAPTURED.

For Four Hours a Fierce Battle Waged, but the Chinese Were Finally Defeated With a Heavy Loss While the Japanese Lost but Ninety Men—The Terms of Peace Agreed Upon.

YOKOHAMA, March 11.—On Thursday last the Japanese captured the coast forts near Yinkow, the port for New-Chwang. The forts held out after the capture of Yinkow.

On Saturday the first division of the Japanese army attacked a force of 10,000 Chinese under General Sung at Thien-Chwang-Tai. For four hours a fierce battle waged, but the Chinese were defeated after losing 2,000 killed or wounded. The Japanese loss was only 90 killed or wounded.

General Nodzu, who succeeded Field Marshal Yamagata in the command of the first Japanese army, has been promoted.

Peace Treaty Ready to Be Signed.

NEW YORK, March 11.—A cable dispatch to The World dated Tokio, Japan, March 10, says: China has been informed in general terms of the conditions upon which Japan will consent to peace. Japan has been notified that China is ready to accept these conditions and to sign a treaty. The correspondence by means of which this agreement was arrived at was carried on through the United States to the two countries. Dun at Tokio, and Denby at Peking.

Japan Must Let Formosa Alone.

PARIS, March 11.—The Figaro declares that neither France nor Great Britain will permit Japan to seize the Island of Formosa.

ELOPEMENT LEADS TO MURDER.

The Man Who Did the Shooting Exonerated by the Coroner's Jury.

UNIONVILLE, Mo., March 11.—The elopement about a year ago of Al Todd, a negro, with the daughter of City Marshal William Clark, white, led to murder early yesterday morning. The couple returned Saturday to the woman's home to remain during her confinement. Upon the promise that Todd would never again show himself Clark told him to go as he did not want to give the case publicity.

At a late hour Saturday night, however, Todd went to Clark's home and called the latter up. Clark ordered him away, but instead of going he drew a revolver in a menacing manner, when Clark shot him. Todd ran about a block and fell dead. At the inquest held yesterday the coroner's jury exonerated Clark.

SWITCHMEN'S MUTUAL AID.

A New Organization Formed and Officers Elected.

CHICAGO, March 11.—The Switchmen's Mutual Aid association of which Charles Booty was elected president at the last meeting met yesterday evening with 402 members present. The new constitution was adopted, the most important features of which is the entire omission of anything which may be construed as countenancing strikes.

The remaining officers yet unfilled were provided for last night by the election of J. J. Carroll, treasurer; H. H. Knibbold, chairman of the board of directors; John Reston and William Burnes, all of Chicago, members of the board of directors. The corresponding secretary, G. S. Cusack, is located at Chicago, in which city the headquarters of the order is located.

READY BUILT AMERICAN HOUSES.

Earthquakes Have Created a Great Demand For Them in Italy.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—United States Consul Bruhl, at Catania, Italy, has discovered a fine market for ready built American frame houses of from two to five rooms, well braced, of low price. The recent and frequent earthquakes in Sicily and Catalonia have destroyed or damaged many buildings, and after making inquiries to consul is convinced that the people would readily adopt the American structures as better calculated to resist shock.

A member of the royal earthquake commission has interested himself in the subject, and the consul is anxious to obtain illustrated catalogues from the American manufacturers to lay before the commission.

Death's Crossing.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 11.—At the crossing where Mallory and McBride were killed Saturday night Mrs. Thomas Allen was instantly killed last night; Gertie Allen, her 19-year-old daughter, dangerously, and Miss Martha Deacon, 11 years old, fatally injured. The three ladies were returning from church and drove upon the crossing just as the Missouri Pacific fast mail from the east thundered up. Mrs. Allen's body was badly mutilated and she and her daughter were carried 300 feet on the engine pilot before the train could be stopped.

MILWAUKEE, March 11.—The funeral of the late H. V. A. Carpenter of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway will be held tomorrow afternoon. The services will be held at the residence at 2:30 p. m., and will be conducted by the Masonic fraternity of which Mr. Carpenter was a member of the highest rank.

ROSE IN REBELLION.

Riot in the Illinois State Home For Juvenile Female Offenders.

CHICAGO, March 11.—A riot broke loose in the Illinois state home for juvenile female offenders at 8114 Indiana avenue last night. Thirty-four girls, ranging in years from 10 to 18, rose in rebellion against the matron, Mrs. A. M. Dayton. Mrs. Dayton and her assistants were powerless to control their charges and were assaulted and compelled to shut themselves in rooms to escape their almost frenzied assailants, while the girls went through the house breaking furniture and windows and smashing crockery and everything they could lay their hands on.

The police were summoned and restored order, which was no easy matter, as the ringleaders fought desperately. Four of the girls, supposed to be ringleaders, were arrested.

The trouble arose because of the punishment given by Matron Dayton to Mamie Davis, 16 years old, who is said by the attendants at the home to be among the inmates most hard to manage.

According to the girls, however, the punishment meted out to the Davis girl served only a pretext for an uprising which had been gathering for some time, and was due to a great dissatisfaction among the girls over their treatment in general, and particularly because of a system of punishments, which included imprisonment in a dark room 10 by 12 feet in size, the culprit being chained to the floor with a heavy chain, and also a system of dieting, in which the offender was not allowed meat and was half starved for a length of time, determined by the nature of the offense charged against her.

WERE NOT TAKEN ALIVE.

Two Horse-thieves Perish in a Burning Building Rather Than Surrender.

LITTLE ROCK, March 11.—A special from Enterprise, I. T., says that a posse in pursuit of two men, who had stolen 30 horses in the Choctaw nation, followed the thieves for three days, finally surrounding them 10 miles east of that place. The thieves refused to surrender and kept up firing, having dismounted from their horses and taken to the woods.

The posse pressed them closely and the fight was kept up for two or three hours, both pursued and pursuers firing as rapidly as they could load their revolvers. One of the posse, in trying to head off the thieves, received a bullet in his arm, shattering it, causing him to fall from his horse. Finally the entire party massed and charged the two criminals, forcing them to take refuge just at the edge of the woods, in a cabin. Here the thieves barricaded themselves and defiantly proclaimed that they would not be taken alive.

After repeated efforts to induce them to give up, the house was set on fire. Still the men inside refused to come out, although the roof was a mass of flames. They still threatened death to any of the posse who ventured near. At last the frame of the building fell in, burying the desperadoes in the ruins, and they were roasted to death in the burning building.

HAZLE SLOPE MINE FIRE.

It Is Still Raging, With but Little Hope of Subduing It.

HAZLETON, Pa., March 11.—The worst mine fire in the anthracite region is now raging in the Hazle slope of the Lehigh Valley Coal company. When the fire broke out six weeks ago it was at first thought to be of little consequence. The slope was closed shortly afterward. Since then hundreds of thousands of dollars have been spent in efforts to subdue the flames. The chances of getting the fire out in the next six weeks are dubious, and the probable loss of the company can not be estimated. The mine was the deepest operated by the company, and was one of the most valuable, employing some 1,100 men.

The destruction of this great colliery is not alone threatened now, but those adjoining it are imperilled. The subterranean openings connect the Hazle mines with three other valuable coal properties, and the effects of the fire are now being felt there. At the Laurel Hill colliery the mules have already been hoisted from the mines, owing to the high water and to keep that place from drowning out every effort is now being exerted. To remove the water alone from the mine will cost a snug fortune, and it is estimated that before the outbreak shall have been overcome \$1,000,000 will have to be expended.

Dead Negro Found in the Canal.

NIAGARA FALLS, March 11.—The badly decomposed body of an old negro, disappearance has for some time been a mystery, was yesterday afternoon found in the hydraulic canal which runs through the city and which furnishes the larger part of the city's water supply. The drownings believed to have been purely accidental. A great number of cases of typhoid fever have developed at Niagara Falls of late, and the discovery of this body will probably lead to a thorough examination and cleaning out of the canal.

Two Young Men Drowned.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., March 11.—Samuel Smith, aged 18 years, and George Leake, aged 21, both of South Lawrence, Mass., were drowned by the upsetting of a boat while gunning near one of the many islands off Newbury yesterday afternoon. Both bodies were recovered.

Secretary Gresham Improving.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Secretary Gresham's condition continues to improve, and it is hoped that he will be up tomorrow, although he may not return to his work in the department for several days.

VOLCANO IN MEXICO

The Peak of Orizaba in a State of Eruption.

SUBTERRANEAN VIBRATIONS.

The Earth Periodically Shaken For a Hundred Miles Around the Burning Crater. The Cities of Cordoba, Orizaba, Kalapa and Dozens of Small Villages in Danger of Being Destroyed.

CORDOBA, March 11.—The peak of Orizaba, an ancient volcano, is in a state of eruption. The signs of disturbance began to manifest themselves last Sunday night, and have increased in force constantly since that time. It is now vomiting poisonous gases, and thick volumes of smoke are emitted from 100 apertures in its great maw.

For the public safety the governor of the state of Vera Cruz will shortly name a commission of scientists to make all the investigation into the eruption possible, and to make recommendations looking to the safety of the inhabitants of the neighboring villages. The present eruption is in the heart of the best improved coffee district of Mexico, where are located many Americans, who have embarked in the profitable business. The coffee plantations are not yet thought to be in any danger of damage, nor will they be unless a fall of thick ashes occur, which is not considered probable.

The earth for 100 miles around is shaken periodically with subterranean vibrations. A great alarm exists among the dwellers in the cities of Cordoba, Orizaba, Kalapa and the dozens of small villages scattered within the scope of the strange and interesting phenomenon. The shocks as yet have not been of a serious nature and no damage from them has been reported.

The rim of the crater glows like fire and the thick gases rolling down the mountain sides have set aflame the grasses and vegetation clothing the sides to the summit, which adds to the density of the smoke and grandeur of the spectacle.

Masses are being said in all the churches of the locality to ward off the impending danger.

Coming soon after the late destructive volcanic activities in many parts of the republic, the eruption of Orizaba has many terrors, not only to the people in its vicinity, but to all living in the great volcanic belt of Mexico, stretching from the active volcano to Colima, on the west coast, an unusual eruption, clear to the Gulf of Mexico, on the east.

Within this belt are numbered dozens of old craters, either in repose or smoking constantly. It is natural to suppose that should its eruptions continue the other volcanoes will be affected and a general earthquake period set in. The consequences of such a catastrophe are hard to foretell, but could hardly be anything less than very disastrous to Pueblo, Mex., and the hundreds of other towns in the heart of Mexico.

SHOULD THINK OF HIS VICTIM.

Gentry, the Murderer of Madge Yorke, Objects to Going to Prison.

PHILADELPHIA, March 11.—James B. Gentry, the murderer of Actress Madge Yorke, was removed in an ambulance yesterday morning from the German hospital to Moyamensing prison. When the ambulance arrived at the prison with Gentry and the physicians, they were escorted to a low, narrow cell with two cots in it. One of the cots was empty. The other was occupied by a negro convict with epileptic fits.

The doctors were indignant and demanded permission to take the murderer to the hospital, on the ground that the police had misrepresented the condition of affairs. The prison authorities refused, asserting that they had signed the papers which delivered him to the police officials, that he was now beyond the jurisdiction of the hospital people.

Gentry, while at the hospital, was given every luxury he desired and had quite pleasant surroundings. At the prison all this is changed. The doctors declare Gentry will never live to stand trial if he has to put up with the prison fare.

BIG FIRE IN TOLEDO.

The High School Building Almost Completely Destroyed.

TOLEDO, March 11.—The Toledo high school buildings, a four-story brick structure, occupying the square bounded by Madison, Adams, Michigan and Tenth streets, and one of the best appointed educational institutions in this part of the country, was almost completely destroyed by fire between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning. It was a little after 1 o'clock when a loud explosion, that blew out part of the east wing of the building, startled the few pedestrians who happened to be on the street. A moment later fire burst out from the heart of the structure and spread so rapidly that before an alarm could be given the main part of the building was doomed. The entire fire department was called out and managed to save the Scott manual training department, which is situated at the north end of the building. The explosion probably was caused by chemicals in the laboratory. The loss is estimated at \$150,000, with what insurance is not known.

ELK POINT, S. D., March 11.—Henry D. Doane, one of the early pioneers of South Dakota, was buried here yesterday. In his youth, Doane was a stage driver, having driven a stage out of Columbus, O., in 1833. He had also driven in Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota and this state. During the war he served in the First Minnesota infantry.

CUBAN REBELLION.

Insurgents Repulsed and Garcia Again Reported Killed.

COLON, March 11.—The rebel forces, under the command of Ruiz Garcia, made an attack on Bocas del Toro, about 100 miles north of this city, on Friday last, but were repulsed by the government troops. An attempt was made to set fire to the town, but this was also defeated. Eleven of the rebels, including Garcia, were killed. The government loss was five killed and 20 wounded.

The United States cruiser Atlanta was at Bocas del Toro, and landed a force of sailors and marines to protect American interests. Though the rebel attack was unsuccessful, it is believed that another attempt will be made to capture the town.

Insurgents Defeated.

MADRID, March 11.—Dispatches received here from Cuba state that after their defeat by the government troops at Baire and Los Negros, the rebels occupied new positions in which the government troops again attacked and dispersed them, inflicting heavy loss. Mataga's band now consists of only a few stragglers. The insurgents at Zavallos have also been defeated with the loss of one killed and seven wounded.

Spanish Minister Returns to Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Minister Murauga of Spain has returned to Washington from New York, where he has been for several weeks. He says he has received no recent news from the Cuban insurrection, and does not expect any. He does not care to talk of the reported request for United States Consul General Williams' recall from Havana.

ECLIPSE OF THE MOON.

It Was Too Cloudy at Washington to Make Observations.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Preparations were made at the observatory and other places in Washington to observe the total eclipse of the moon last night, but owing to the foggy nature of the weather and the quantity of clouds in the sky, no accurate views could be made. Even the exact time of the beginning and ending could not be learned. There were a great many people in the streets watching the progress of the eclipse when the moon was visible between the rifts of the clouds. It was normal in every way, offering no features of especial interest.

The principal object of the observation at the observatory was to make correct calculations as to the diameter of the moon by observing the time of occultation of fixed stars. There were, however, only six of such occultations, and the cloudiness prevented any advantage being taken of these.

Result of a Lamp Explosion.

PITTSBURG, March 11.—John Sweeney of Allegheny was literally roasted alive at his home early yesterday morning. His wife was so badly burned in her efforts to rescue him that she had to be removed to the hospital, where she is lying in a very serious condition. Sweeney had been drinking heavily late week, and was under the doctor's care. He was recovering, and on Saturday night was sleeping alone. An exploded lamp was the cause of the fire.

Banker Drops Dead.

COLUMBIA CITY, Ind., March 11.—E. L. McLallen dropped dead yesterday evening. He was at the head of the banking firm of E. L. McLallen & Company, and one of the wealthiest and most prominent men of the city. Deceased was a bachelor 59 years of age, and a 33d degree Mason.

Getting Even.

PARIS, March 11.—As an outcome of the trouble between Venezuela and France, growing out of the former's action in handing its passports to the French representative at Caracas, the French government has sent a passport to Dr. Gifortoul, the Venezuelan charge d'affaires.

Better Times in Western Kansas.

TOPEKA, March 11.—That better times prevail in western Kansas is evidenced by the fact that 12 counties have notified Governor Morrill they are in need of no further outside aid. The legislature had appropriated \$100,000 to distribute among the destitute in this and other counties.

Seaman Washed Overboard.

DUBLIN, March 11.—The Norwegian ship Sovereign, from New York, Feb. 5, has arrived here. On Feb. 15, a heavy gale was encountered in which the vessel received considerable damage, one seaman was washed overboard, and drowned, and three others of the crew were injured.

Steel Works Start Up.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., March 11.—The Bethlehem Iron company resumed operations in the steel mill this morning, after two months' idleness. Work was begun on a 12,000-ton order of rails for a Georgia railroad, giving employment to 100 steel workers.

Convicted of Murder.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., March 11.—Colonel Conley, a well known young Lynn county man, has been convicted at Mound City of murder in the first degree. He killed James Mapes, a companion, at a Fourth of July celebration in 1894.

Death of a Retired English Admiral.

LONDON, March 11.—Admiral Sir George Gifford, retired, is dead. He was born in 1815.

Indications.

Light rain in southern portion and local snows on the lake; north winds; colder in southern portion.

MINE SHAFT BURNED.

Eight Miners Imprisoned in the Mine.

THEIR FATE AS YET UNKNOWN.

But Slight Hopes That Any of Them Will Be Rescued Alive—Miraculous Escape of a Man That Had Been Dropped Two Hundred Feet Down the Shaft—Names of the Imprisoned Men.

WHITE OAK, N. M., March 11.—At 3 o'clock yesterday morning fire broke out in the change room of the hoists house of the Old Abe mine, and in a few minutes the structure, a large and well built one, was a mass of flames. It was completely destroyed, together with the wood and smith shops. The mill, 60 feet away, escaped without damage. The woodwork of the shaft was burned out and the hoisting machine destroyed.

The damage runs high up into the thousands, but the most distressing feature is that some men are imprisoned in the dark depths whose fate is unknown. There is little ground for hope that they have escaped suffocation. It is impossible to enter the mine to search for them. Rescuing parties have been unable as yet to get down further than the third level by the airshaft. The smoke and gases from the charred wood of the hoistshaft have penetrated the upper levels and it is impossible to pass them.

The entombed men are: Charles Sherrick, F. J. Williams, Frank Wilson, John Davis, G. Baxter, White, Jerry Conover and W. B. Mitchell.

Wilson, Davis and Baxter are married. White is a new man and was on his first shift. Williams and Sherrick are old in mining experiences and have faced like dangers before. They are cool headed, and if any place of safety was to be found they found it.

The fire broke out while G. E. Wilkinson was going down in the bucket to work. He had reached the ninth level when the hoist was abandoned, and was shot down 200 feet to the 13th level where the bucket struck, tipped and threw him into the drift. He was stunned, but recovered, and climbed back to the second level and escaped by the airshaft. Coke Keith, Mike Gallagher and Anton Hovegate also escaped through the airshaft. This is the only serious mining accident since the burning of the South Homestake shaft several years ago when two men were smothered.

NATIONAL LABOR EXCHANGE.

A Scheme That Proved a Success in the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—United States Consul Murphy at Luxemburg, in a report to the state department, outlines the scheme of a National Labor Exchange, which has proven very beneficial in that grand duchy in facilitating the employment of labor. It was instituted in 1892 and every postoffice co-operates in the transmission of offers of and applications for employment between wage-earners and wage-payers.

Offers and applications are addressed to the nearest postmaster on special postcards, and the applications are registered. The lists are publicly posted in all postoffices, in railway stations, hotels and public houses. The postoffice assumes no responsibility in the business beyond the transmission and posting of applications and offers. The postmaster informs an applicant by postcard when an offer of employment is received. A statement attached shows that during two years there were received through this system 1,804 applications for employment, and 1,701 of these applicants secured places. During the same time 3,514 employers applied for help and engaged 4,427.

Glad He Is in Custody.

ELIZABETH, N. J., March 11.—Sylvester J. Kernan, the defaulting insurance agent, who fled from this city on July 18, 1894, who was arrested at Galveston on Wednesday, arrived here yesterday afternoon in company with Chief of Police Tenny. Kernan looks as though he had been in hard luck for some time and says he is glad he is in custody. The amount of his default was \$15,000 and there are two charges of forgery against him. He will be arraigned on Wednesday, next, and will throw himself on the mercy of the court by pleading non suit.

American Prospectors Robbed.

SIERRA MOJADA, Mex., March 11.—Frank Ward and H. D. Sample, two American prospectors, who left here a few weeks ago for the new mining camp of Carmen, near the Rio Grande border, were attacked by a band of Mexican outlaws and robbed of their money and horses. The outlaws escaped across the river into Texas. They are the same band of renegades who have committed so many murders and robberies on both sides of the border during the past few years.

Cleveland's Sunday.

CAPE HATTERAS, N. C., March 11.—Mr. Cleveland and his party tided over Sunday by taking a cruise to Pimlico sound. The Violet left Cape Hatteras about 6 o'clock in the morning. She steamed south, passed Hatteras inlet to Corroco inlet, and returned to her old anchorage in Cape Hatteras at 6 o'clock in the evening. The weather is delightful and the trip was enjoyed by all aboard.

Foundry Fire.

CHICAGO, March 11.—The extensive foundry plant, occupied jointly by Harry Perry and the Challenge Machine company, burned last night. Loss, \$75,000; partly covered by insurance.

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

MONDAY, MARCH 11, 1895.

Light rain in southern portion and local snows on the lake; north wind; colder in southern portion.

The Modern Motuer.

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy, than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

Homesackers' Excursion.

On April 2nd, the C. and O. will sell round trip tickets to points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and to New Orleans at one fare for the round trip, twenty and thirty days limit. And will also sell round trip tickets at one fare, plus \$2.00, to the following territory: Arizona, Arkansas, Louisiana, Missouri, New Mexico and Texas,—twenty days limit.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. If you have never used this great cough medicine, one trial will convince you that it has great curative powers in all diseases of the throat, chest and lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at J. J. Wood's drug store. Large bottles 50c. and \$1.

ANOTHER SUGGESTION.

'Squire Bramel Gives His Plan For Solving the Turnpike Problem.

Editor of Evening Bulletin: As there have been several articles appeared in your excellent paper upon the subject of free turnpikes, and the traveling public is interested in the subject at this time, and the Fiscal Court of which I am a member meets in April, I take this mode of laying before the tax-payers of Mason County my plan of securing the desired result, to wit: Either free turnpikes, or tolls reduced to a sustaining rate upon all turnpike roads in the county.

There are four turnpike roads entering the city, which we will style the "principal thoroughfares of Mason County" upon which there are extortionate rates of toll charged, contrary to Section 474, Chapter 129 of the Kentucky Statutes, and from past experience there is no chance of compelling the said turnpike roads to charge only such rates as required in the law above referred to.

What is the remedy? Buy said roads at the exorbitant price asked for them, and bond the county to meet the purchase price? Or as suggested by the Ledger enter into an agreement with said turnpike companies to pay them a yearly tribute, by taxation, equal to the amount claimed by them to be their annual dividends?

Either remedy, to my mind, would be worse than the present system of toll.

I have taken the trouble to investigate this subject, and am of the opinion that the cheapest and best key to the situation is, to extend the Hill City pike through to the road leading from Mayslick to Helena Station, which would only require four miles of new road, and to bridge the North Fork. Also extend the Taylor Mill pike to the Fleming County line, a distance of five and one-half miles, when no doubt Fleming County would complete it into Flemingsburg, thus giving us another thoroughfare between the two county seats. The Kenton Station pike can be procured almost for the asking, and by building a connecting link of two miles between the Lowell and Kenton Station roads, the western portion of the county would have an almost direct route into Maysville. One mile of new road will connect the Blue Run pike with other roads leading to Minerva, Dover and South Ripley. Two miles of new pike and a bridge across Cabin Creek will connect Springdale and the eastern portion of the county with Maysville by intersecting the Bull Creek pike, and allow that portion of the county to reach the city without traveling over but little toll road.

With these extensions and connecting links there would be fifteen miles of new road to build. Estimating a bridge to cost as much as a mile of road, then we would have equal to seventeen miles of new road to build. Allowing \$2,500 per mile in order to make a good road, \$42,500 would be required to build said roads. Now add \$17,500 for the repairing, widening and regading any hills that are too steep on twenty-five miles of the roads above mentioned, and we have the sum of \$60,000.

Let the Fiscal Court levy a tax of 21 cents on each \$100 of taxable property (about \$9,500,000) in the county, and the sum of \$20,000 will be realized each year, and expend it as suggested, and in three years the county will have almost free pikes and will not owe a dollar on them.

The money thus expended will not be dumped into the coffers of the turnpike companies who are now oppressing the traveling public, but expended where it will enhance the value of the land through which these roads would pass and redound to the benefit of every citizen in the county. Further, though the county buy these roads as suggested by the Ledger, by an act of the Legislature of March 10, 1894, the Fiscal Court can be forced to build these very roads of which I have been speaking.

Section 1857 of Chapter 53, Kentucky Statutes reads thus:

That should any Magisterial district or districts desire to unite in building a turnpike it shall be mandatory on the part of the Fiscal Court to build the same. Provided the citizens of the said Magisterial district or districts shall have subscribed one tenth of the cost of same as estimated by the engineer; and provided further that nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the Fiscal Court from building a turnpike, exclusive of said subscription, if it desires to do so.

I simply throw out these suggestions (though not irrevocably wedded to them) for the purpose of drawing out, if possible, an expression of the tax-payers of the county and city upon this very important question, and wish to use my influence for the greatest good to the county, as a whole, and desire counsel before the time arrives for action.

JOHN T. BRAMEL, J. P. M. C.

THE TURNPIKE QUESTION.

Mr. George R. Gill Replies to Mr. John B. Holton's Last Communication.

Editor Bulletin: I was somewhat surprised and very much amused at the article of my good friend, John B. Holton, in your issue of the 5th inst. I was amused that he, being a regular subscriber and frequent contributor to your paper, and therefore presumably a constant reader thereof, had not seen my article referred to. I was gratified that some one else must have seen it, and hence "called" John's "attention" to it. Now John knows that I have known him nearly all my life, liked him and been intimate with him, so could not have had any idea of giving him personal offense. Our own intimacy and that of our families should have at once negatived that thought, if it ever did in reality creep into his cranium.

As to "unmerited criticism," every man must know, that when he goes into print, or makes a public speech, and gives his theory upon any subject involving great and serious public interests, especially if of intense present moment, he necessarily subjects his theory to the fullest and most searching criticism: I not only expected that in my own case but *specially* invited it in the article which meets with my good friend's so vigorous anathema. I did not criticize him, but only his theories, and so I hope he will always understand. I did not intend to "make his name conspicuous," or at least any more "conspicuous" than I thought he had made it himself, or he would like to have it made by others; although I confess I have sometimes thought that my friend did manifest symptoms of being afflicted with the disease known as "cacothese scribendi," a complaint of which I myself suffered in my early and more ambitious days, but of which I trust I have been successfully cured—this latter fact enables me to sympathize with my friend. I do not own a cent's worth of any turnpike stock, and very little of anything else, but I have a right to think and talk and write. I wrote without the hope of fee or reward, but solely with a view to the best interests, as I thought and still think, of the people among whom I was born and raised, who have so long known and often honored me, and to protect the interests of some whom I love and who love me. I wrote in good faith and for another reason—I wanted to provoke discussion; I wanted to get a fair expression of intelligent and unbiased people on this subject; the attrition of minds and the open expression of fair opinion on this subject is bound to give us "light," and that is what we so much need just now. I am glad my little card brought out the notice of my friend, if it did "rise his dander just a little." I hope others will follow him; the subject is a complex one, involving far more than strikes the mind at first blush; the interests involved are much deeper than appear upon the surface; it is one of the most interesting questions ever before the people of our county, and none of our local papers will grudge any correspondent reasonable space, for everything written upon the subject is greedily and eagerly read. Then let us all put our thinking caps on, read, ponder and inwardly digest, for the action proposed to be taken involves not only the interests of us who are alive to-day, but of our children and our children's children. I only regret that my kind friend had not waited till he could have read other articles that I proposed writing before he recklessly rushed into print, and ruthlessly accused me of writing about things "I knew nothing about." I beg leave to say to my friend that before I wrote my own article I had very carefully read his, in your paper of the 11th ult., and tried my very level best to understand it; and if I failed in this I can assure him it was "an error of the head and not of the heart;" it was only because the obscurity of my brain was so dense that the incandescent light of his lucubrations and illustrations failed to penetrate my mental obfuscation or illuminate my intellectual adumbrage. I am sorry to have to add, that after having thoroughly talked with many, very many intelligent citizens, I found them in the same lamentably obtuse condition, and after I got through with them I think it was confusion worse confounded.

I call free turnpikes a "fad," because there has never been, as yet, demonstrated to my poor mind any practical way of securing them, without putting a very great and unequal burden upon the taxpayers of Mason County, with no prospect of any probable adequate return therefor, and that this burden will fall heaviest on the small taxpayers. This proposition I will demonstrate in another article in the near future if permitted to do so.

Commenting on my use of the word "fad," my learned friend says: "This 'fad' of free turnpikes just now seems to be a 'mania' with many of our good Kentucky citizens." Granted, most enthusiastically, my beloved friend. "Mania" is a diseased condition of the mind as applied to the individual; it is a morbid and unhealthy condition of public sentiment as applied to bodies politic, or to any mass or aggregation of individuals in their political, social, or religious capacities. A mob is but an aggregation of temporary manias; let's check them, if we can, before the further progress of the "mania" results in permanent injury to the individual or the community. "Mania" is madness, craziness, crankiness, or delusion. (Marked eccentricity of any kind is but modified mania.) It has its pathology both in the individual and the aggregation. Let us cure it if we can. Each "mania" has its formative cause—genesis must precede revelation. Let us find out the cause, then we may safely prescribe a remedy. I myself have my own idea of the prime cause of this free turnpike mania—both hereditary and acquired—but as Mr. Holton says I "know nothing about what I am talking about!" I am too modest to express it. Let us hope discussion may develop it. There is often a mouse in the meat tub, but it takes shaking up to get him out. Meanwhile, in relation to "mania," I say with the old clansman in the "Lady of the Lake,"—"I think thee for that word, it nerves my arm, it steels my sword," or if it does not do all that, at least it limbers my fingers, lightens my pen, and makes my ink, if not my wit, flow more freely.

Now, "Johnnie," if such an astute critic as you are were unfortunate in the use of that word "mania" in this connection don't blame me, and laying all jokes aside, I will try to discuss the subject with you as seriously as I can, hoping more light may be shed upon a vexed question and good enure to the benefit of us all,—for I know you are thoroughly honest in your convictions, and as you said of me "George means well," I say of you from my heart, "Johnnie means well," and am perfectly willing to admit that you know all about a subject of which you say "I know nothing." And that you have no doubt given it far more study and thought than I have just as I freely admit that your personal interests at stake are infinitely greater than my own, but I must beg of you and all others who may read this hasty scrawl to believe that in my anxiety to promote the best interests of the whole people of my county to the best of my ability, I claim to be the peer of



The Old Friend

And the best friend that never fails you is Simmons Liver Regulator, (the Red Z)—that's what you hear at the mention of this excellent Liver medicine, and people should not be persuaded that anything else will do.

It is the King of Liver Medicines; is better than pills, and takes the place of Quinine and Calomel. It acts directly on the Liver, Kidney and Bowels and gives new life to the whole system. This is the medicine you want. Sold by all Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

BE VERY CAREFUL—Has the Z stamp in red on wrapper. J. B. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

any one. Those who are familiar with the interest, both personal and pecuniary, I took so many years ago, (when my financial ability was commensurate with my good will) in the railroads, turnpikes, fair grounds, water works, gas works and other public interests will cheerfully bear me out in this.

Meanwhile I trust you will pardon me if I suggest that your article fails to answer one single argument of mine, and strikes any one, at least on first reading, to be a "petitio a principio," or mere begging of the question.

The question is how to get absolutely free turnpikes with no tollgates whatever. One of your theories while it proposes to reduce the average toll, would still leave the obnoxious gates and toll collectors, also entail an indefinite burden of taxation upon generations yet unborn, and also leave room, in the future, for the worst system of jobbery and nepotism that ever cursed the people of any county. Some people may answer me in the words of the old time Kentucky legislator, "why should I do anything for posterity? Posterity never did anything for me." I know many think and talk that way, looking only to the present, but I trust, John, you and I are both looking to the future and I hope many others are doing the same. But believe me, my dear friend, the people of Mason County will never vote for any system of free turnpikes, which will leave a single tollgate on any road in the county.

As to your other proposition of leaving the roads in the hands of the present owners, I will say something another time. R. L. Baldwin answers many of your ideas, but as to that and the cost of keeping up roads, taxation, &c., I may have more to say. Meanwhile we have got some elephants on our hands now, the Hill City pike and others if I am correctly informed. Had we better not experiment with them first and see how the thing works? Remember that the law provides that any turnpike failing to keep its road in repair, may be indicted, its charter forfeited and the road turned over to be kept up by the county, and thus the whole people be taxed to keep up some little neighborhood road. Indeed I am told that there are companies in the county, who offered to surrender their roads to the County Court. It failing to accept them, the directors would purposely permit the roads to get out of repair, then cause the company to be indicted, &c., and thus force the road upon the county. This is wrong and the law is wrong yet it can be easily done. I am now awaiting statistics, some of which I hope may reach me tomorrow to prepare articles of real value upon this subject and to them I will invite the attention of the people. Our Circuit Court is just over, and I have been too busy to write or even read up on the whole question. It has many branches; it is a problem with corollaries. I have given your article but a very casual reading and promise it fuller justice in the future. Meanwhile from its interest "per se" and true friendship to its writer and to give him some things to think about, I have thought it but courtesy to give this partial reply, the very day your article was published. Yours truly, February 5, 1895. GEORGE R. GILL

"NOTHING but fair weather is in sight for this section," said Captain Bassler, of the local weather bureau, Saturday morning. "The indications are that it will be a pleasant Sunday. There are no prospects for rain or even cloudy weather, and the thermometer will go just a little higher."—Cincinnati Post.

Captain Bassler ought to study the weather map a little more and not talk so much.

THE JONES FERTILIZING COMPANY, (Incorporated.) CINCINNATI, O.

Manufacturers of all grades of pure animal Fertilizers. J. A. WALTON, agent for Mason and Bracken counties. Correspondence solicited. Prices and terms given on application.

REMOVAL.

The Singer Manufacturing Company have removed their office to Anna M. Frazer's Notion and Millinery store, Second street. Oils, Needles and Attachments on hand. We want the public to know that we represent the genuine Singer Sewing Machine. Beware of imitations. T. P. BRADLEY and A. S. CONRAD, Agts.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will offer at public auction, on the premises, one mile west of Lewisburg, Ky., on SATURDAY, March 9, 1895, at 1 o'clock p. m., my stock of Farm Implements, Household and Kitchen Furniture. Terms of Sale: On sums of \$5 and over, a credit of twelve months will be given. Note required with good security. Sums under \$5 cash in hand. W. L. GABBY.

Attention, Everybody.

Being now located at the blacksmith shop of W. H. Worthington in Mayslick I will devote my time and attention to Woodwork of every kind. Small jobs of Carpenter Work in the town and immediate vicinity will be attended to, but preference given to Shop-work at all times. I have had several years experience in the filling and setting of saws. I humbly solicit a share of the public patronage. Very respectfully, E. C. FOGUE.

NO TOLLGATES OF ANY KIND!

Nobody at the door to conduct you; nobody to inveigle you to buy; no officious attentions anywhere; a free pass to inspect and admire at leisure our new and handsome line of

Percales and Taffeta Moires

In Percales we are showing an endless variety of patterns and colors suitable for Boys' Shirt Waists and a correspondingly pretty line for Ladies' and Misses' Waists, Dresses and Wrappers. Our 10-cent Percales are a special feature of this display. In Taffeta Moires we are offering one of the most popular cotton goods of the season. They are serviceable in color and texture, handsome in weave and design and cheap in price. Close inspection can scarcely distinguish them from silk. If you want a waist or gown that looks like silk and costs one-fifth as much, buy a Taffeta Moire.

D. HUNT & SON.

TO START OFF THE SPRING TRADE

WITH A RUSH,

We will offer for this week Hope Bleached Muslin 5c. a yard, worth 7½c.; Sheets ready for use, full size, 45c. All of our handsome new Silks, regular \$1 quality, 69c. a yard. See our new Dress Goods; they are beautiful and cheap. All Wool Carpets 45 and 50c. a yard; cheap at 10c. more. Rugs! Rugs! Rugs! Bargains! Special Lace Curtain sale. Yours, for bargains,

PAUL HOEFELICH & BRO.,

Market Street.

F. B. RANSON & CO.,

SELLING

SHOES

CHEAP!

LIGHTNING HOT DROPS

CURES Colds, Coughs, Cramps, Diarrhoea, Flux, Cholera, Morbus, Nausea, Changes of Water, Etc.

HEALS Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Bites of Animals and Bugs, Etc. Tastes Good. Smells Good.

BREAKS UP A COLD. SOLD EVERYWHERE—25 AND 50c PER BOTTLE. NO RELIEF, NO PAY. 50c size contains two and one half times as much as 25c bottle.

HERB MEDICINE CO.

SPRINGFIELD, O.

DONOVAN & SHORT

The Leading Blacksmiths,

SECOND AND Limestone.

Experts in practical Horseshoeing. Tooling-out and Tooling-in feet straightened, Knee-banging, Forging, Scalping, Interfering stopped without discomfort to the horse. Feet trued, balanced and shod so as to enable irregular gaited horses to go straight with frictionless articulation and increased speed. Your patronage solicited and promptly attended to. Prices reasonable.

SLICK ONES, NO DOUBT,

Are This Quartette Who Were Captured in a C. and O. Freight Car Sunday Morning.

An eastbound C. and O. freight train due here about 3 o'clock Sunday morning slowed up at the foot of Market street about 4 o'clock and turned over to Policeman Bland and Jailer Johnson four young men who were jailed on a charge of feloniously breaking and entering a freight car.

The quartette registered as Bernard McCann, Mike Tierney, Jim Johnson and Jack Kelley, and they are no doubt slick ones.

At some point below this city, the crew of the train found the seal of a freight car broken and on further investigation the four prisoners were discovered inside. The crew locked the door, and the car-breakers were caught in their own trap.

On searching the prisoners, the corners of five five-dollar bills and of two ten-dollar bills were found on Kelley. Just what Kelley intended doing with these pieces of money, he can best explain. The pieces could very easily be used, however, in raising smaller bills.

McCann gave his residence as 140 West Third street, Newport, and the others all claim Cincinnati as their home, Johnson hailing from 88 East Second street, Kelley 17 Lawrence street and Tierney 121 Linn street.

They were brought out this morning and their case set for 11 a. m. to-morrow. In default of \$250 bail, they were re-committed to jail.

River News.

Iron Queen up for Pittsburg to-night. The City of Vevay from and to Cincinnati to-day.

The river continues falling with 22 feet on the marks.

The Sunshine passed up Saturday night for Pomeroy and the Ruth for Huntington.

The Telegraph down last night from Pomeroy and the Iron Queen this morning from Pittsburg with good trip.

The Bonanza from Pomeroy, Ruth from Huntington and Stanley from Charleston due down this afternoon.

Friday was an unlucky day for boats. The New Orleans steamer Longfellow collided with a bridge pier at Cincinnati and sank. The Memphis steamer John K. Speed was carried over the dam at Louisville, the Bostona broke her hog-chains at Paducah and the Rosedale was sunk in the Wabash River.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at J. Jas. Wood's drug store.

Mistaken For a Thief.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 9.—James Murphy, of Maysville, employed here as night watchman in the Louisville and Nashville Railroad yards, came near killing Car Repairer John Lyons this morning. Lyons was mending a car, when Murphy mistook him for a thief and fired on him. The bullet missed, however, and he was prevented from shooting a second time by Shelby Bryant, another workman.

Ask your grocer for Traxel's steam bread.

COLONEL W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE, Kentucky's "silver-tongued orator," will deliver a lecture at the opera house March 18th.

CAPTAIN RALPH SHELDON, ex-Register of the Land Office, and an officer in Morgan's famous command, died near Louisville Friday.

JOHN TACKETT and Miss Ada Crouch, a Bath County couple, were married yesterday in the parlors of the Central Hotel, Judge Hutchins officiating. The couple were accompanied by E. Tackett and Robert Nixon.

The contest for a gold medal between the pupils of the catechism class of St. Patrick's Sunday school ended yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Several boys and girls had learned their catechism so well as to be able to answer every question asked them and after spending two afternoons in examining them it was decided to allow those who had not missed three questions to draw for the medals. Master John O'Donnell drew the first medal and Miss Amie Kane, the second. There was considerable interest taken in the contest and some of the contestants displayed wonderful intellectual ability for children of tender years. Some of them are destined to make a high mark in the world in whatever sphere they may drift in years to come.

ACCIDENT ins. tickets. W. R. Warder.

A BRADLEY club has been organized at Lexington with 100 members.

PEARS, peaches, plums, apricots, first quality, 15 cents can—Calhoun's.

D. M. RYUN, fire insurance. Only reliable companies represented; no wild cats.

THOMAS M. GRAY, one of Huntington Township's best farmers, has moved to Minerva.

THE Nuggets Base Ball Club, of Cincinnati, will play its first game at Paris on April 25th.

THE Court of Appeals has reversed the case of Luttrell versus Wells, taken up from this county.

THE People's Building Association has declared a dividend of 6 1/2 per cent. payable May 4th, 1895.

SMOKE George W. Childs' "La Tosca" cigar. Best cigar on the market. Hand-made. Only 5 cents.

THE street cars are being fitted up with electric headlights, a big improvement on the old oil light.

SEED oats and English bluegrass for sale by T. J. Winters, at the Pyles warehouse, East Second street.

THE annual encampment of the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, will be held at Parks Hill early in July.

MR. AND MRS. John Cox have sold and conveyed a house and lot in the Sixth ward to Mr. Robert Ficklin for \$850.

A YOUNG child of Edward McMillan, of Short street, died Saturday afternoon and was buried yesterday afternoon.

THE case of Proctor versus Bell's administrator, from Nicholas County, has been reversed by the Court of Appeals.

THE Thompson Turnpike Company, of Bracken County, has filed articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State.

NOTICE—Mrs. Lizzie Armstrong, No. 15 East Sixth street, is prepared to do plain sewing and dress making. Terms reasonable.

CHARLES MORFORD and Miss Maggie Elrod, of Bracken County, were married last summer and kept the affair a secret until one day last week.

JIMMY CHARD, who played with the Maysville base ball team on several occasions last season, will play with the Evansville (Ind.) boys this year.

THE Carlisle Mercury announces the candidacy of John F. Morgan for the Democratic nomination to represent Nicholas County in the Legislature.

At the late term of the Circuit Court about 2,500 acres of Mason County land were ordered sold to foreclose liens and settle up decedent and trust estates.

THERE have been eighteen cases of small-pox at Lexington since the disease made its appearance there a few weeks ago. Two deaths occurred Saturday.

GORTON's minstrels were at Lexington one night last week and the Press-Transcript speaks in very high praise of the performance. They will be here Wednesday night.

DR. J. J. WERNER, the dentist, will be at Stonewall House Mayslick, March 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th, 1895, prepared to practice dentistry in all its branches.

HOT Springs, one of the Virginia resorts on the C. and O., opened its season March 1, and already a number of people have gone there. A number of substantial improvements have been made.

An indication of the business being done by the Chesapeake and Ohio with Europe is given when it is stated that one steamer of the Chesapeake and Ohio line now due at Newport News contains 2,000 tons of freight for St. Louis alone.

GOLD-FILLED watches reduced from \$25 now \$18; \$20 watches reduced to \$15; \$18 watches reduced to \$13.50; warranted for twenty years. Deuber and Jos. Boss cases.

P. J. MURPHY,

The leader of low prices.

On Wednesday evening, March 27th, at the opera house, the following from the Cincinnati Conservatory will appear in an elaborate musical programme: Mr. Jacob Bloom, violinist; Mrs. Jacob Bloom, pianist; Mrs. Hattie Blatterman, vocalist; Miss Mannheim, elocutionist, from the Cincinnati School of Expression, Cincinnati. The entertainment will no doubt prove a treat for lovers of music.

MAYSVILLE COMMANDERY.

A Delightful Trip In Store for the Sir Knights Next August When They Go to Boston.

[Cincinnati Democrat.]

Maysville Commandery No. 10 has made its arrangements to go to Boston, leaving Catlettsburg and Maysville August 24th via C. and O., arriving in Cincinnati at 8 a. m. taking breakfast at Grand Hotel, leaving Cincinnati via Big Four at 9 a. m. for Cleveland, arriving at Cleveland at 3 p. m.

At that point arrangements have been made to give the Templars and their ladies a grand time. They are to take dinner at 5 p. m. at the Holenden Hotel, one of the largest in Ohio. The Templars will have from 3 p. m. until midnight at Cleveland when all aboard will be called and we start for Niagara Falls and arrive there at 6 a. m. Reaching the Falls we have until 3 p. m. to see the grandest sight on earth, and should there be any one brave enough in the party to go over the Falls, we shall certainly not prevent him, but trust he will have the good luck to come out without being hurt.

Leaving Niagara Falls at 3 p. m. arriving in Buffalo at 4 p. m. The afternoon and evening will be spent in sight-seeing around Buffalo. Leaving Buffalo at 8:30 p. m. we arrive at Albany, the capital of New York State, for breakfast Sunday morning. We will remain in Albany a few hours, so that the Templars and the ladies can see that beautiful city. We are due to arrive in Boston in time for dinner. Returning we will come via the sound steamers to New York, when we take the Royal Blue Flyer over the Baltimore and Ohio and Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern for Cincinnati. Those deciding to stop over at Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and other points, can do so.

Arrangements are being perfected by Maysville Commandery for those who desire to make the trip to the White Mountains, Montreal and down the St. Lawrence River. All those who have not joined the club at Maysville should do so at once. Three of the finest vestibuled sleepers have been chartered to take Maysville No. 10 to Boston and quarters have been engaged at the Hotel Brunswick, the finest hotel in the city.

All that can go should make this trip, for it will be a grand one. There is no Commandery more popular. It is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific as the 5-15-22. Maysville No. 10 will have with it this year, Sir W. LaRue Thomas, Grand Master of the United States, also the Grand Commander of Kentucky, and the Past Grand Commander of Kentucky, and all those who accompany the 5-15-22 can depend on having a royal time.

FIRE INSURANCE.—Duley & Baldwin.

THE Bainum farm containing about 228 acres near Dover has been conveyed to Nathan Stix, of Cincinnati, for \$11,012.75.

MRS. M. C. RUSSELL, of this city, was one of the successful guessers in the Cincinnati Enquirer's second baby puzzle contest.

REV. H. H. HIBBS, of Mayslick, and Rev. Robert G. Patrick, of this city, are holding a protracted meeting at Aberdeen Baptist Church.

MR. J. V. BURGESS, an ex-Maysvillian, has been honored with the nomination for Mayor of Pittsburg, Kan., by the Populist party. He is a brother of Mr. J. B. Burgess, West Second street.

GARDENERS' complaints are many when they use a cheap inferior seed, but none when having used Landreth's, the best to be had at any price and guaranteed true to name. A full line at Chenoweth's drug store.

TAKE stock in the Fifth series of the People's Building Association, commencing May 4th, 1895. Call on W. L. Thomas President, C. L. Sallee Attorney, John Duley Treasurer, Robert L. Baldwin Secretary, or any of the Directors.

You cant catch flies with vinegar and you cant catch customers with a poor selection of goods, is the motto at Ballenger's where you can always find the newest styles in every line carried by first-class jewelers any place,—south side Second Street.

THE Federal grand jury at Louisville has indicted A. R. Carothers, the Assistant Custodian at the Custom House, and Isaac F. Middleton, one of his subordinates, charging them with being unlawfully concerned in soliciting money for political purposes from employees of the Government. They were accused of collecting \$20 each from a number of employees to aid in the re-election of Congressman Montgomery in the Fourth district.

Do You Like

BREAD that is right?
ROLLS that are light?
CAKES out of sight?
PIES just right?

OF COURSE YOU DO

Traxel Has Them!

Have You Seen Our New Dress Goods? If Not, Why Not?

We are offering great bargains in All Wool Novelty Dress Goods, in eight-yard patterns, at the following prices: \$3.25, \$3.65, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.50 and \$8.00. They are decidedly the handsomest and most stylish goods ever offered for the money. We have just received a large line of Imported French Challies, in patterns, at 35c. per yard. They are in beautiful colors and are very stylish.

A Big Drive:

We bought at a sacrifice fifty pieces of Dress Gingham, formerly sold at 10c, and as a special bargain we are now offering them at 7 1/2c. We are making a special sale of laundried Shirts, both white and colored, at 50c. Tobacco Cotton from 2c. up.

Browning & Co.,

51 WEST SECOND STREET.

THE WHITE HOUSE COOK BOOK!

Cooking, Toilet and House-

hold Recipes, Menus, Din-

ner-giving, Table Etiquette,

Health Suggestions, Etc., Etc.

The whole comprising a comprehensive Cyclopedia of information for the home, by Mrs. F. L. Gillette and Hugo Ziemann, Steward of the White House.

PRICE, \$1.50.

Apply at this office. Only a small number for sale.

Any one sending three new yearly subscribers for the WEEKLY BULLETIN will receive a copy of the White House Cook Book FREE. The cash must accompany such orders. The subscription price of the paper is \$1.50 a year.

WANTED.

WANTED—To rent a house containing four or five rooms, in Fifth or Sixth ward. Apply at this office. 11-42t

WANTED—A 1. oil salesman at once. Enclose stamp. THE CONSUMERS' OIL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. 6-6t

WANTED—Position on a farm as tenant. Best of references given. Have three boys large enough to assist in raising tobacco. Apply at this office. 17-4t

WANTED—By a competent lady teacher, a school. The best of references given as to character and competency. Apply or address this office. 3-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A good brick residence containing seven or eight rooms; ten acres of land; situated in the town of Washington. Good orchard and never failing supply of water. Apply to JOHN LANE, Washington, Ky. 128-tf

FOR RENT—Store on Second street occupied by Mr. Williams. Also two rooms over George T. Wood's drug store. Apply to MRS. J. JOERGER. 7-4t

.....MASON COUNTY.....

FARMS

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers two farms for sale, one containing 230 acres and the other 46 acres. The first tract is located on the Stoney Hollow pike and is well improved.

A Good Dwelling of Six Rooms, Three Barns, Ice House

and other Outbuildings, and it has on it a good Orchard. The smaller tract is a part of the old Montjoy farm, and has on it a Dwelling of four rooms and a good stable. For further particulars address GEO. R. WELLS, Bernard, Mason County, Ky. 3-tf

SPECIAL SALES

—ON—

Fine Stationery!

Cream Paper on our Cheap Table at 10, 15 and 20c. for twenty-four sheets. Ladies, take notice. Call and see. Remember Butter Milk Soap at 5 and 6 1/2 cents per cake. Whiteley Exercise at \$8. Envelopes printed with business card from \$1.50 to \$2.

J. T. KACKLEY & CO.,

Wall Paper and Window Shades.

Dr. James Burrows,
with G. M. Williams,
Dentist.

{ ZWEIFART BLOCK,
Maysville, Ky.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.



East.	West.
No. 16.....10:00 a. m.	No. 19.....8:30 a. m.
No. 2.....1:38 p. m.	No. 1.....8:07 a. m.
No. 18.....5:05 p. m.	No. 17.....8:59 a. m.
No. 20.....8:00 p. m.	No. 3.....3:59 p. m.
No. 4.....8:50 a. m.	No. 15.....5:00 p. m.

Daily. Daily except Sunday.
F. F. V. Limited No. 2 arrives at Washington at 6:50 a. m.; Baltimore, 8:05 a. m.; Philadelphia, 10:25 a. m.; New York, 12:53 p. m.
F. F. V. Limited No. 3 arrives at Cincinnati at 5:50 p. m.
Washington Express No. 4 arrives at Washington at 2:45 p. m.; New York, 9:05 p. m.
Cincinnati Fast Line No. 1 arrives Cincinnati at 8:05 a. m.
Pullman sleeping car service to Richmond and Old Point Comfort by trains 2 and 4.
Direct connection at Cincinnati for all points West and South.
No. 1, 2, 3 and 4 do not stop between Maysville and Newport.



MAYSVILLE DIVISION.

Southbound.
Leaves Maysville at 5:47 a. m. for Paris, Lexington, Cincinnati, Richmond, Stanford, Livingston, Jellico, Middleborough, Cumberland Gap, Frankfort, Louisville and points on N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.
Leave Maysville at 1:50 p. m. for Paris, Cincinnati, Lexington, Winchester, Richmond and points on N. and M. V.—Eastern Division.

Northbound.
Arrive at Maysville at 9:50 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

MASON CIRCUIT COURT.

Jesse Calvert, Plaintiff,
Against
Charles C. Kyle, et als., Defendants.
In obedience to a judgment and order of sale of the Mason Circuit Court, rendered in the above-mentioned cause at the February term, 1895, I shall, on

Monday, March 11th,

1895, at 2 o'clock p. m., at court house door, Maysville, proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, the following real property, to-wit: Being and lying in Mason County, Ky., on the Lewisburg and Mt. Gilead Turnpike Road, and bounded as follows: Beginning in the center of said turnpike, at a point N. 38 1/2 E. 37 links from a black locust tree, thence with A. H. Calvert's lines S. 81 1/2 E. 181 poles, 18 links, passing a stone 16 1/2 links to a point in the dirt road; thence with the road N. 99 1/4 E. 20 poles, 7 links; N. 23 1/2 E. 28 poles; N. 4 1/2 W. 18 1/2 poles; N. 29 1/2 W. 16 1/2 poles; N. 40 1/2 W. 18 poles 10 links; N. 28 1/2 W. 30 poles and 13 links to the cross road; thence with the middle of the turnpike N. 74 1/2 W. 30 poles, 1 link; N. 45 1/4 W. 44 poles, 25 links to the beginning, containing 132 acres, 3 rods and 8 poles; or sufficient thereof to produce the sum of money to be made and probable cost, to-wit: about \$6,500.

The purchaser must be prepared to promptly execute bond, with approved security, for the purchase price, which bond shall bear legal interest from day of sale until paid.
J. N. KEHOE, Master Commissioner,

